

# Interstitial Fluid Testing for Holographic Effects on Human Physiology

Investigator: Marc Melton, Certified EIS Operator

Test Subject: Caucasian Male, age 22

Test Location: Suwanee, Georgia-USA

**Date:** 1-28-2010

### Equipment used for measurements

1. Electro Interstitial Scan (EIS)<sup>1</sup> V999. (Test files later transferred to Dell D820 PC with V10.4 Software for evaluation)

FDA EIS Information Product Code: HCC Regulation Number: 882.5050 Medical Specialty: Neurology Date of Listing: 02/07/07

Manufacturer, Specification developer: L.D Technology Owner/Operator Number: 9097859 Establishment Registration Number: 3006146787

2. HP Pavilion dv4-1275 MX

### Test Type

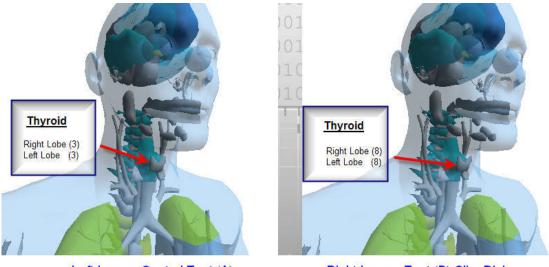
Single Blind Preliminary Evaluation: Programs Imprinted into Holographic intervention (HI) applied to subject was unknown to Investigator at the time of testing. Test was conducted for preliminary evaluation purposes only and not designed to meet rigid, scientific criteria.

### **Testing Protocol**

- A. First control scan performed with EIS at 13:24 EST
- B. Subject measured with EIS after application of Slim Disk ™ on Subject's Conception Vessel 22 Acupuncture Point. Follow-up scan conducted at 13:51 EST, 27 minutes later.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The EIS is in full compliance with the requirements of ISO 13485, Medical Device Directive 93/42/EEC, and Canadian MDR P.C. 1998-783. The EIS is an FDA registered, Class 2 Medical Device.

# EIS Test (A) and Slim Disk<sup>TM</sup> (B) Comparison



Left Image: Control Test (A)

Right Image: Test (B) Slim Disk

Conductivity values	1	1	3	1	1
Indicators	Under	Normal	Over	Values	Norms
Digestive system conductivity			Concession in the local division in the loca	35.98	11.47 - 27.47
Frontal lobes conductivity				1.92	3.27 - 11.47
Genitourinary system conductivity			And the second second	42.14	11.47 - 27.47
Thyroid conductivity				20.83	11.47 - 27.47
Ratio of ANS activity (Sympathetic / Parasympathetic)				0.55	0.50 - 2.00
Na+/K+ATPase pump				57	45 - 55
Blood flow viscosity			and the second second	54.20	15.20 - 36.50
Conductivity values	Contro	l Test (A)			
Conductivity values	Contro	l Test (A)		1	
		I Test (A)	Over	Values	Norms
Indicators	a		Over	Values 33.01	Norms 11.47 - 27.47
Indicators Digestive system conductivity	a		Over		
Indicators Digestive system conductivity Frontal lobes conductivity	a		Over	33.01	11.47 - 27.47
Indicators Digestive system conductivity Frontal lobes conductivity Genitourinary system conductivity	a		Over	33.01 1.92	11.47 - 27.47 3.27 - 11.47
Indicators Digestive system conductivity Frontal lobes conductivity Genitourinary system conductivity Thyroid conductivity	a		Over	33.01 1.92 37.12	11.47 - 27.47 3.27 - 11.47 11.47 - 27.47
Conductivity values Indicators Digestive system conductivity Frontal lobes conductivity Genitourinary system conductivity Thyroid conductivity Ratio of ANS activity (Sympathetic / Parasympathetic) Na+/K+ATPase pump	a		Over	33.01 1.92 37.12 23.26	11.47 - 27.47 3.27 - 11.47 11.47 - 27.47 11.47 - 27.47

Test (B) Slim Disk

## Summary:

The numbers obtained for right and left lobes of test subject represent in vivo electrical activity, as measured on a scale >-60-0-<+60. These scores are also indicative of blood flow, oxygenation, ATPase activity, pH, hormonal activity, etc. In the top images, we see the electrical scores increasing by five points after the application of Slim Disk<sup>TM</sup>. Further, excessive digestive system conductivity is reduced from 35.98 to 33.01, trending from "over" to "normal" values. This subject also presented with systemic mitochondrial activity above normal levels, which was reduced to normal levels after applying the Slim Disk<sup>TM</sup>.

# Conclusion:

Thyroid cellular activity and electrical parameters are improved significantly with the application of Slim  $Disk^{TM}$ 

Indicators	Under	Normal	Over	Values	Norms	Units
Electrolytes						
interstitial Na+				130.0	121.6 - 129.0	mmol/L
interstitial K+				2.95	3.00 - 3.40	mmol/L
interstitial Cl-				106.0	107.5 - 115.0	mmol/L
interstitial Ph		A CONTRACTOR OF		2.30	1.60 - 2.70	mmol/L
interstitial Ca++		Statements .		1.54	1.45 - 1.63	mmol/L
nterstitial Mg				0.39	0.40 - 0.56	mmol/L
Immunity						
Thymus conductivity				7.69	6.67 - 24.27	10-6 S.m-1
Interstitial Acid Base Balance						
<u>pH</u>				7.35	7.31 - 7.35	I.U
HCO3-		W. States		24.39	23.00 - 25.00	mEq/L
PCO2		1000		45.40	44.00 - 48.00	mmHg
[H+]				44.67	44.67 - 48.98	mmol/L
SBE				0.00	-1.00 - 1.00	I.U
Lipid balance						
Cholesterol indicators						
iver and gallbladder conductivity.		10		28.74	11.47 - 27.47	10-6 S.m-1
Fat mass				22.1	10.8 - 21.8	%
EEI (Ejection Elastic Index)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Triglycerides indicators						
Pancreas conductivity				30.12	11.47 - 27.47	10-6 S.m-1
Fat mass				22.1	10.8 - 21.8	%
Glucose						
Insulin resistance		1000		0	0-5	%
ANS and Glycaemia				0.55	0.50 - 2.00	I.U
Pancreas conductivity				30.12	11.47 - 27.47	10-6 S.m-1
Fat mass			023	22.1	10.8 - 21.8	%
Secretions						
Stomach : Gastric and pancreatic secretions				0.55	0.50 - 2.00	I.U
achrymal gland secretions				0.55	0.50 - 2.00	I.U
Salivary Gland secretions		1		0.55	0.50 - 2.00	I.U
Water balance						
Total Body Water				58.3	52.0 - 62.2	%
<u>Extracellular Water</u>				22.9	21.0 - 25.4	%
Intracellular Water				35.3	30.7 - 37.1	%
Metabolic syndrome indicators						
-d/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Insulin resistance				0	0-5	%
Leptin resistance				0.84	0.50 - 0.58	%
Sympathetic system activity		100		22	22 - 46	%

# Control (A)

Interstitial Mineral Imbalance evident, particularly Na+, K+, Cl-, and Mg.

Interstitial Acid/Base Balance high-normal pH, Bi-carbonate values with Reduced Hydrogen Ion concentrations

Pancreas conductivity excessive at 30.12

Leptin resistance excessive at 0.84

Indicators	Under	Normal	Over	Values	Norms	Units
Electrolytes						2
interstitial Na+			1	125.3	121.6 - 129.0	mmol/L
nterstitial K+				3.10	3.00 - 3.40	mmol/L
nterstitial Cl-				109.0	107.5 - 115.0	mmol/L
nterstitial Ph				2.30	1.60 - 2.70	mmol/L
nterstitial Ca++				1.54	1.45 - 1.63	mmol/L
nterstitial Mg				0.44	0.40 - 0.56	mmol/L
Immunity						
Thymus conductivity				7.69	6.67 - 24.27	10-6 S.m-1
Interstitial Acid Base Balance						
p <u>H</u>				7.34	7.31 - 7.35	I.U
HCO3-		Concerned and		24.22	23.00 - 25.00	mEg/L
PCO2		-		45.70	44.00 - 48.00	mmHg
[H+]		1999 - C.		45.29	44.67 - 48.98	mmol/L
SBE				0.00	-1.00 - 1.00	I.U
.ipid balance						
Cholesterol indicators	0	100	1	10		8
iver and gallbladder conductivity			100	28.74	11.47 - 27.47	10-6 S.m-1
Fat mass				22.1	10.8 - 21.8	%
EEI (Ejection Elastic Index)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Triglycerides indicators	0	1	1	10		1
Pancreas conductivity			100	27.47	11.47 - 27.47	10-6 S.m-1
Fat mass				22.1	10.8 - 21.8	%
Glucose						
Insulin resistance				0	0-5	%
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Stomach : Gastric and pancreatic secretions				0.55	0.50 - 2.00	I.U
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Salivary Gland secretions		West to the second		0.55	0.50 - 2.00	I.U
Water balance						
Total Body Water				58.3	52.0 - 62.2	%
Extracellular Water				22.9	21.0 - 25.4	%
Intracellular Water		With the second		35.3	30.7 - 37.1	%
Metabolic syndrome indicators						
-d/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Insulin resistance				0	0-5	%
eptin resistance		West states		0.60	0.50 - 0.58	%
Sympathetic system activity				22	22 - 46	%

## Slim Disk (B)

Interstitial minerals are all nicely within normal levels.

Interstitial Acid/Base balance values are normal

Pancreas conductivity now high normal at 27.47

Leptin Resistance reduced 29% vs. Control (A)

#### Control (A)

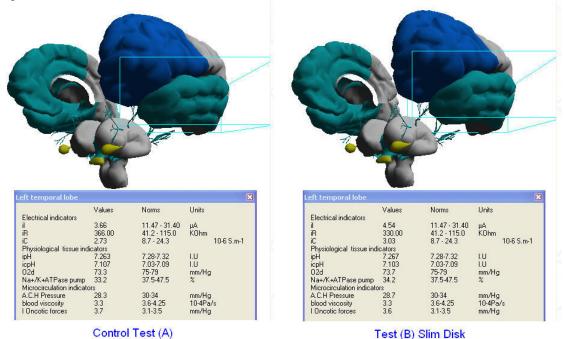
Na+/K+ATPase pump	57	45 - 55
Blood flow viscosity	75.10	15.20 - 36.50
Slim Disk (B)		
Slim Disk (B) Na+/K+ATPase pump	50	45 - 55

#### Summary:

Compared with the control test, Slim  $Disk^{TM}$  (B) exhibits an approximate 28% decrease in bloodflow viscosity, which is consistent with improved metabolic parameters normally seen as a result of exercise. This improvement is concomitant with a normalization of cellular energy production at the mitochondrial level.

#### **Conclusion:**

Slim Disk<sup>TM</sup> positively affects cellular energy balance and plasma viscosity within the test subject.



#### **Summary:**

Slim Disk appears to normalize left temporal lobe physiological parameters in this test subject, most notably with respect to electrical indicators. Hypophyseal activity regarding hypothalamicanterior pituitary regulation shows positive results as ACTH levels are reduced from a value of 18 nmol/L to 16 nmol/L. Conversely, interstitial, cerebral noradrenaline levels, low in Control Test (A), show a positive trend toward normal from 4.07 to 4.27 in Slim Disk (B). ATP levels similarly rise in Test (B).

#### **Conclusion:**

Slim Disk<sup>TM</sup> show positive physiological effects in left temporal lobe of subject, while reducing stress hormones such as corticosteroids.